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Development of a Phase 1 Study Evaluating the Activity of Modular CAR T for Multiple Myeloma (MCARTY) Targeting BCMA and CD19 for Improved Persistence

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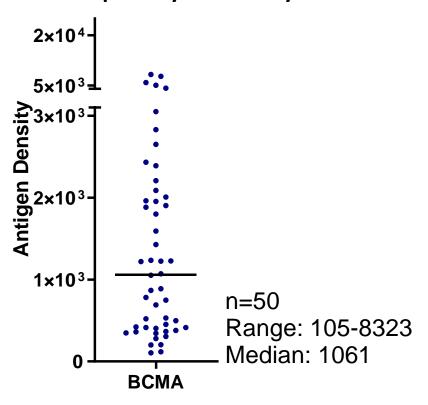
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Background



- BCMA CAR T cells are highly effective in multiple myeloma, but long-term outcomes may be limited
- BCMA CAR T cell targeting is challenging
 - Low and variable BCMA surface expression
 - Myeloma stem/progenitor cells may not express BCMA
 - Persistence of BCMA CAR T cells is limited
- We sought to
 - Develop an ultrasensitive BCMA CAR
 - Co-target CD19 using a CAR with proven persistence
 - Test in an iterative clinical study

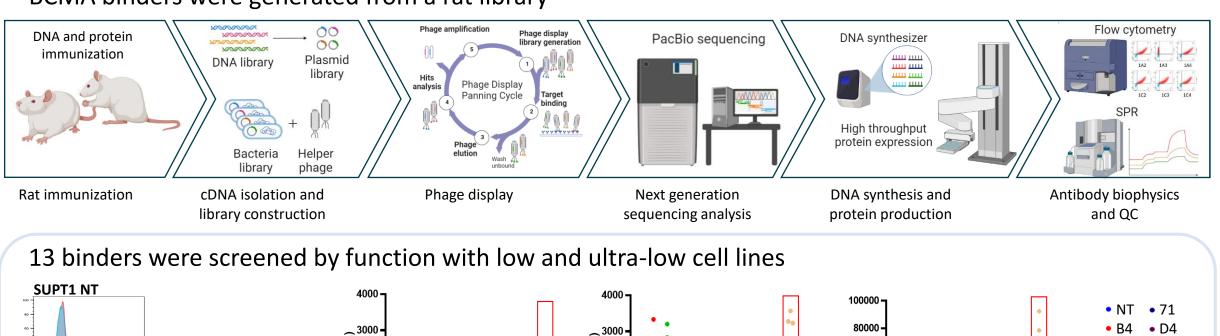
Distribution of BCMA expression on primary CD138⁺ myeloma cells¹

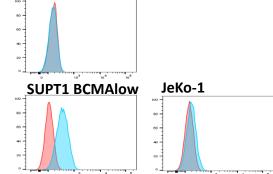


Part 1: Identification of a highly sensitive BCMA CAR



BCMA binders were generated from a rat library

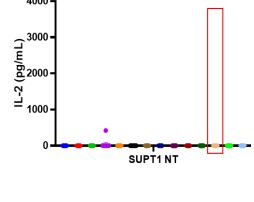


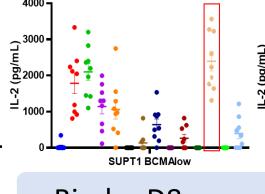


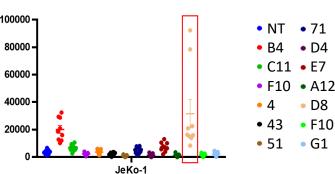
81 BCMA/cell

686 BCMA/cell

BCMA-PE







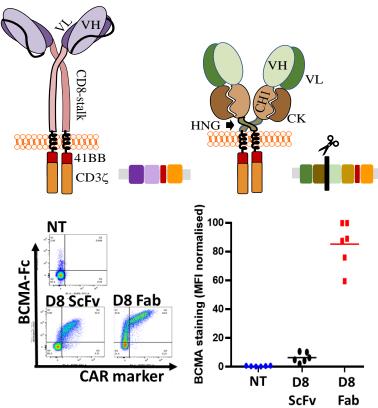
Binder D8 was selected

D8 Fab CAR vs D8 scFv CAR

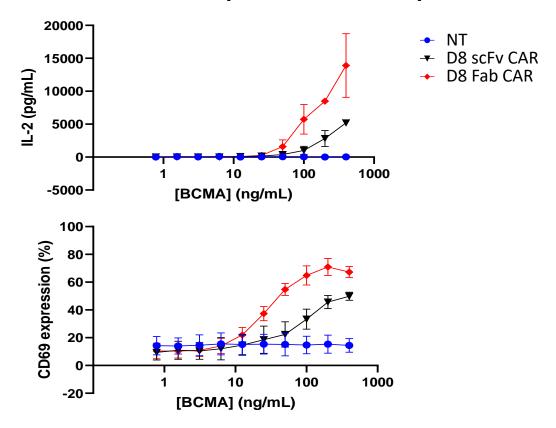


Fab CAR format demonstrated increased surface CAR expression and greater sensitivity

Increased BCMA binding by D8 Fab



Increased activation by low level BCMA by D8 Fab

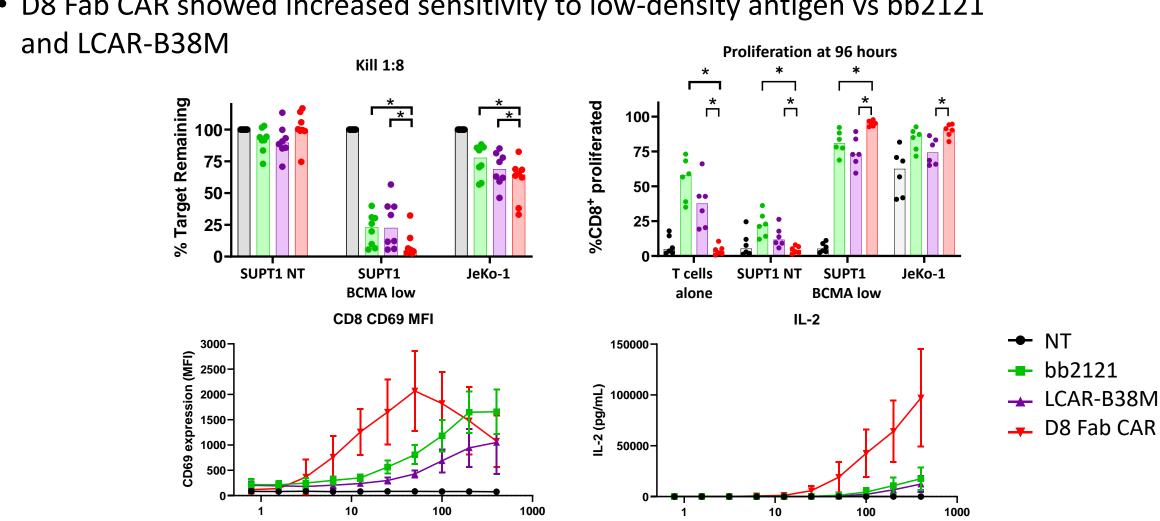


D8 Fab CAR vs other BCMA CARs

[BCMA-Fc] (ng/mL)



D8 Fab CAR showed increased sensitivity to low-density antigen vs bb2121



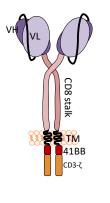
[BCMA-Fc] (ng/mL)

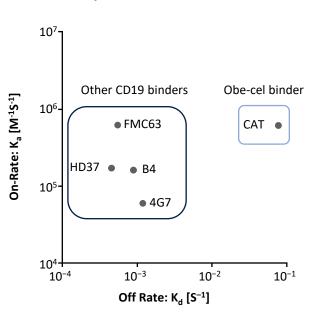
Part 2: Co-targeting CD19 with obe-cel



- Obecabtagene autoleucel (obe-cel, CAT-41BBζ)
 is a clinically proven fast off-rate CD19 CAR
- In adult ALL, obe-cel has demonstrated: 1-3
 - High AUC
 - Low toxicity
 - Persistence
- Efficacy and persistence has also been demonstrated in B-NHL and CLL⁴
- Thus obe-cel is persistent and tolerable and suitable for a co-targeting strategy in multiple myeloma

Fast-on, fast-off rate kinetics⁵



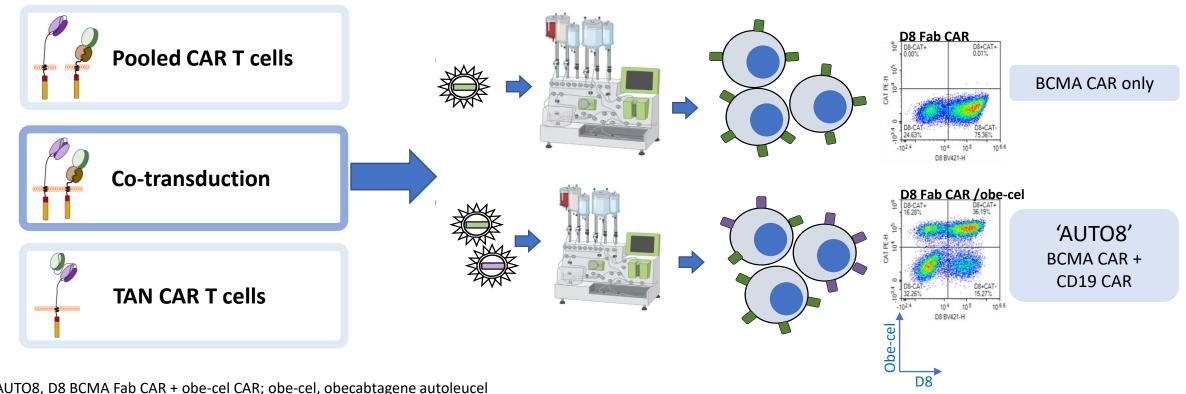


¹Roddie C et al., J Clin Oncol 2021;39(30):3352–63; ²Roddie C et al., J Clin Oncol 2023;41[16 Suppl]:7000; ³Roddie C et al., ASH 2023 abstract 2114; ⁴Roddie C et al., Blood 2022;140(Suppl 1):7452–3, ASH abstract; ⁵Ghorashian S et al., NatMed 2019;25(9):1408–14

Dual targeting CAR by co-transduction



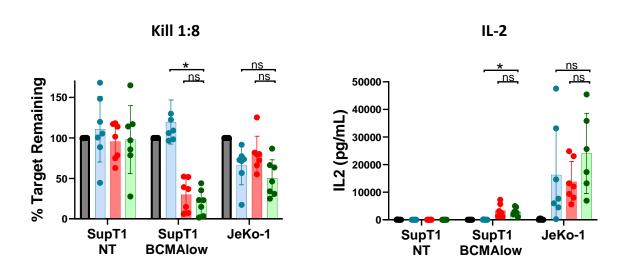
- Co-transduction is simple and does not disrupt obe-cel or D8 Fab CAR expression
 - Several potential co-targeting strategies
 - Dual transduction approach chosen for ease, to leave both CARs intact

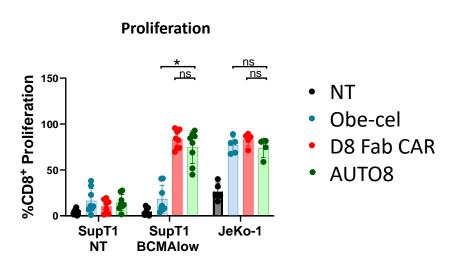


D8 BCMA CAR vs AUTO8 dual targeting CAR



AUTO8 can target both CD19 and BCMA





^{*}p<0.05 AUTO8, D8 BCMA Fab CAR + obe-cel CAR; ns, not significant

Part 3: MCARTY trial



Staggered dose-escalation study design testing both D8 BCMA CAR and AUTO8:
 Phase 1 study evaluating the activity of Modular CAR T for MYeloma (MCARTY)

Leukapheresis Academic manufacture **Screening** Lymphodepletion **CAR** infusion T cell selection Cv 300mg/m² Follow up Prodigy based lentiviral transduction with AKTVIII* • Flu 30mg/m² • 6–8 day expansion Day -5/-4/-3 Iterative, staggered trial design for direct comparison (rolling 6 design) **Cohort 1: BCMA CAR** 50 x 10⁶ CAR T cells 150 x 10⁶ CAR T cells Screened **Cohort 2: AUTO8** 50 x 10⁶ CAR T cells 150 x 10⁶ CAR T cells N = 13

Key eligibility criteria

- R/R multiple myeloma
- · Secretory disease
- Triple exposed (IMID, PI, anti-CD38) including ASCT (unless ineligible)
- Refractory to last line of therapy
- ECOG PS 0/1
- CrCl≥40ml/min, ANC≥1, plt≥50, Hb≥80
- No selection based on BCMA expression

Primary endpoints

- Safety
- Feasibility

Secondary endpoints

- Response and survival
- CAR persistence

AUTO8, D8 BCMA Fab CAR + obe-cel CAR; cy, cyclophosphamide; flu, fludarabine; obe-cel, obecabtagene autoleucel

Screened
N = 13

Progressive disease
disease
n = 1

Successfully manufactured products
N = 12

Infused
N = 11

Median vein to vein time:
55 days

^{*}Mehra et al JITC 2023 11(9). Data cut off: 13 Nov 2023

Baseline characteristics



Baseline characteristics	All treated patients (N = 11)			
Male / female, n (%)	9 (82) / 2 (18)			
Median age, years (range)	50 (33–66)			
Median time since diagnosis, years (range)	4.6 (3.1–11.8)			
ISS at baseline, n (%) I / II / III	8(73) / 3 (27) / 0			
Cytogenetic risk, n (%) Known High risk	10 (91) 5 (45)			
Extramedullary disease, n (%)	0 (0)			
Median prior lines of therapy, n (range)	4 (3–8)			
PI/IMID/CD38 exposed, n (%) PI refractory IMID refractory CD38 refractory Triple refractory Previous BCMA exposure	11 (100) 7 (64) 9 (82) 10 (91) 5 (45) 1 (9)			
Baseline PCs on trephines, % (range)	30 (10–65)			
BCMA expression on PCs (ABC by FACS), n (range)	409 (1–2530)			

Note: high risk cytogenetics defined as t(4;14), t(14;16), t(14;20), del(17p), 1q gain, 1p loss

Safety



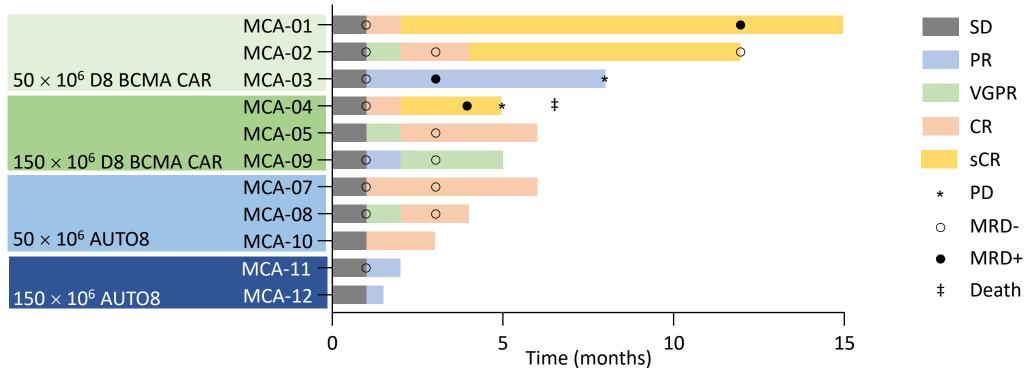
Adverse events, n (%)	50 x	D8 BCMA CAR 50 x 10 ⁶ (N = 3)		D8 BCMA CAR 150 x 10 ⁶ (N = 3)		AUTO8 50 x 10 ⁶ (N = 3)		AUTO8 150 x 10 ⁶ (N = 2)	
	Grade 1–2	Grade ≥3	Grade 1-2	Grade ≥3	Grade 1–2	Grade ≥3	Grade 1–2	Grade ≥3	
Hematological									
Anemia	0	1 (33)	1(33)	2(67)	0	2 (67)	1(50)	1(50)	
Neutropenia	0	3 (100)	0	3 (100)	0	3 (100)	0	2 (100)	
Thrombocytopenia	1 (33)	1 (33)	1 (33)	2 (67)	0	2 (67)	0	1 (50)	
CRS	3 (100)	0	3 (100)	0	2 (67)	0	2 (100)	0	
ICANS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- D8 BCMA CAR and AUTO8 did not result in severe ICANS/CRS and were well tolerated with no DLTs
 - CRS in 10 patients (91%) and all low grade; median time to onset was 0.5 days (range 0–6) and median duration was 4 days (range 1–16)
 - No patients reported ICANS
 - Tocilizumab given to 7 patients (64%) and steroids to 2 patients (18%)

Clinical responses



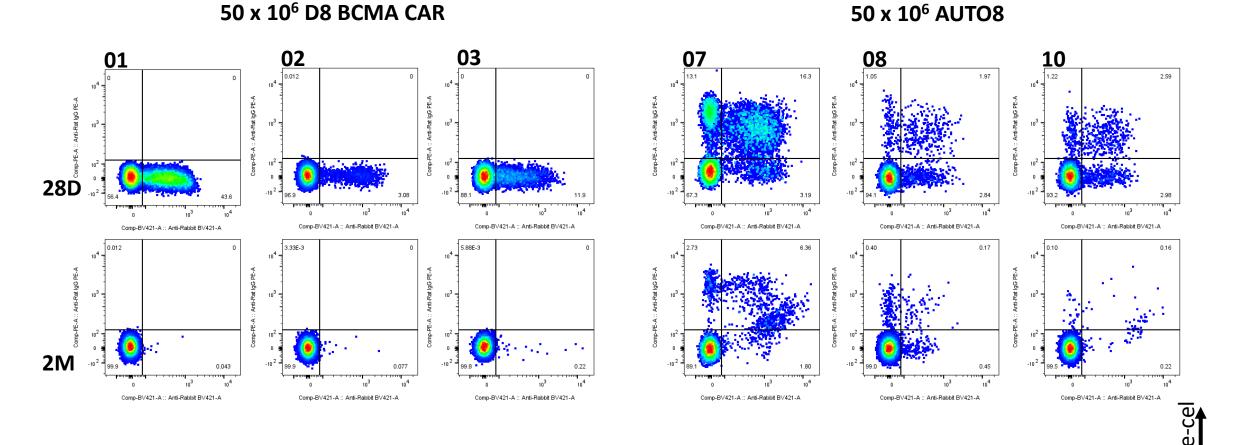
- Both D8 BCMA CAR and AUTO8 associated with high response rate
 - ORR 100%
 - 3 PR, 1 VGPR, 7 CR/sCR (all evaluable MRD-)
 - Two patients remained in sCR at >12 months; overall PFS was not reached



Persistence data D8 BCMA CAR vs AUTO8



Increased CAR T cells detected by flow in patients treated with AUTO8



Conclusions



- D8 Fab CAR is a BCMA CAR with increased activity and sensitivity to low level antigens
- Co-targeting CD19 by co-transducing effector cells with the obe-cel CD19 CAR aims to increase the duration of CAR-mediated tumor control
- MCARTY is a recruiting Phase 1 trial for R/R multiple myeloma with two separate, parallel cohorts for direct comparison: i) D8 BCMA Fab CAR and ii) AUTO8: D8 BCMA Fab CAR + obe-cel CAR
- At median follow up of 6 months, there were no reported cases of ICANS and no grade ≥3 CRS;
 ORR was 100% with two cases of ongoing sCR >12 months
- Persistence data of the AUTO8 dual targeting cohort is immature but demonstrates expansion of three CAR populations and suggests a trend to increased persistence of D8 BCMA Fab CAR expressing T cells

Thank you



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