Autolus

First Quarter Financial Results and Operational Progress



Disclaimer

These slides contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts, and in some cases can be identified by terms such as "may," "will," "could," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," and "believes." These statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding Autolus' development of the obe-cel program; the profile and potential application of obe-cel in additional disease settings; the future clinical development, efficacy, safety and therapeutic potential of the Company's product candidates, including progress, expectations as to the reporting of data, conduct and timing and potential future clinical activity and milestones; expectations regarding the initiation, design and reporting of data from clinical trials; expectations regarding the regulatory approval process for any product candidates; the benefits of the collaboration between Autolus and Blackstone, including the potential and timing to receive milestone payments and pay royalties under the terms of the strategic collaboration; the Company's current and future manufacturing capabilities; and the Company's anticipated cash runway. Any forward-looking statements are based on management's current views and assumptions and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance, or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risks that Autolus' preclinical or clinical programs do not advance or result in approved products on a timely or cost effective basis or at all; the results of early clinical trials are not always being predictive of future results; the cost, timing and results of clinical trials; that many product candidates do not become approved drugs on a timely or cost effective basis or at all; the ability to enroll patients in clinical trials; possible safety and efficacy concerns; and the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on Autolus' business. For a discussion of other risks and uncertainties, and other important factors, any of which could cause Autolus' actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see the section titled "Risk Factors" in Autolus' Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 7, 2023, as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties, and other important factors in Autolus' subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All information in this presentation is as of the date of the release, and Autolus undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law. You should, therefore, not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing the Company's views as of any date subsequent to the date of this presentation.

Agenda

- Welcome and Introduction: Alexandra Deschner, IR Consultant
- Operational Highlights: Dr. Christian Itin, CEO
- Financial Results: Dr. Lucinda Crabtree, CFO
- Upcoming Milestones and Conclusion: Dr. Christian Itin, CEO
- Q&A: Dr. Christian Itin and Dr. Lucinda Crabtree

Obe-cel pipeline summary

Continued progress against strategic and operational goals

- obe-cel in relapsed / refractory (r/r) adult ALL
 - Long term follow up data from ALLCAR19 was presented at Tandem Meetings with 35% of r/r adult ALL patients in ongoing remission with a median f/u of 36 months (range 24 to 47 months)
 - On track for FELIX data presentation from all patients treated at ASCO as well as data at EHA, both in June, and the filing for a Biologics License Application (BLA) to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) at the end of 2023
 - Longer term follow up data and subgroup analysis data expected at ASH in late 2023 as well as at medical conferences in H1 2024

• obe-cel in other indications and AUTO1/22

- ALLCAR19 extension study of obe-cel in r/r B-NHL and CLL will complete enrolment in 2023 and results expected to be published in a peer-reviewed journal
- CAROUSEL study of obe-cel in peripheral CNS Lymphoma is fully enrolled and data will be submitted for publication in a peerreviewed journal
- CARPALL Phase 1 trial of AUTO1/22 in pediatric ALL updated data presented at EBMT in April 2023 showing molecular ORR of 83% and no indication of antigen loss-driven relapses
- AUTO1/22 design and non-clinical characterization was published in Molecular Therapy

Other pipeline updates

Continued progress against strategic and operational goals

- LibrA T1 Phase 1 trial of AUTO4 in Peripheral T Cell Lymphoma data at ASH demonstrated high metabolic CR rate
 - AUTO4 update accepted for an oral presentation at ICML in June
- MCARTY Phase 1 trial of AUTO8 in Multiple Myeloma continuing to enroll patients
 - First data expected end of 2023
- Phase 1 trial of AUTO6NG in Neuroblastoma
 - First patient expected to be dosed in 2023

Operational highlights – first quarter 2023

Continued progress against strategic and operational goals

- Commercial manufacturing facility in Stevenage, UK progressing on track
 - Qualification and validation of the commercial manufacturing facility is on track for commencement of Good Manufacturing practice Operations in H2 2023
 - Initial capacity of up to 2,000 batches per year, sufficient to serve global demand in ALL
 - Preparation of CMC package on track, in preparation for submission of BLA to the U.S. FDA by the end of the year
- Collaboration announced in January with Cabaletta Bio for use of Autolus' Safety Switch System in Cell Therapies for Autoimmune Disease

Board and Management Transitions

- John H. Johnson, non-executive Chairman, will not stand for re-election at Autolus' upcoming AGM
- Dr. Jay T. Backstrom stepped down at end of February 2023
- Dr. Lucinda Crabtree will step down as CFO in August 2023
- Searches for replacements are under way
- Cash of \$343.4m at March 31, 2023, including restricted cash
 - Post period Autolus moved funds to additional highly rated liquid money market funds
 - Limit to any one counterparty is <25% of our total cash and cash equivalents balance

Operational highlights – post period end

Continued progress against strategic and operational goals

- Establishing core distribution capabilities required to commercialize a CAR T-cell therapy in the US including selecting distributor, Cardinal Health
 - Depot model
 - Continuing to build out Autolus' own commercial infrastructure
 - Working towards on-boarding centers over the course of this year
- Hosted Capital Markets Day presenting obe-cel potential positioning and commercial opportunity, if approved
- Published paper in *Molecular Therapy*, 'Dual targeting of CD19 and CD22 against B-ALL using a novel high sensitivity aCD22 CAR'
 - Suggests AUTO1/22 may offer potential to improve outcomes in B-cell malignancies
- Published paper in *Molecular Therapy Nucleic Acids*, 'Novel Fas-TNFR chimeras that prevent Fas ligand-mediated kill and signal synergistically to enhance CAR T-cell efficacy'
 - Expanding the Autolus toolkit of T-cell engineering modules against complex and immunologically hostile cancers, including solid cancer applications



LEAD CLINICAL PROGRAM Obe-cel

A standalone, potentially best-in-class CD19 CAR T cell therapy candidate

Obe-cel has a unique mechanism of action



Fast off-rate



Potential for improved potency, reduced toxicity

Avoided over-activation of CAR T cells -> Reduced toxicities

Increased CAR T peak expansion -> Improved persistence

Avoided exhaustion of CAR T cells -> Improved engraftment -> Improved persistence

Enhanced cytotoxicity and proliferation





Obe-cel is a potentially transformational therapy for adult ALL

Unique CAR T design to drive differentiated product profile

Regulatory Designations Obe-cel – Key Properties **Obe-cel** – Key Data **ALLCAR19** Swim plot Target engagement with fast off-rate **Orphan Drug designation** drives unique product properties by FDA for B-ALL High Overall Remission Rate (ORR) **Orphan Medicinal Product** across all patient populations designation by EMA in ALL evaluated^{1,2} **RMAT designation** 35% of patients with long-term 6 12 24 18 30 36 by FDA in R/R B-ALL Months Post Car-T Infusion remission, without any further therapy² **ALLCAR19 Median persistence Prime designation** Median CAR-T cell levels by PCR by EMA in R/R B-ALL All patients with long term remissions have long-term persisting CAR T cells² **ILAP designation** by MHRA in Adult R/R B-ALL Well manageable safety profile

Time from CAR-T infusion (months

NOTES

.. FELIX study 2. ALLCAR19 study

FELIX Phase 2 Study Overview

Interim analysis completed Q4 2022 – met primary endpoint – next data readout at ASCO & EHA



FELIX Phase 2 Pivotal trial met primary endpoint

Positive data is a catalyst for the next stage of growth and preparation for commercialization

- Phase 2 pivotal FELIX study of obe-cel in r/r adult ALL has met its primary endpoint, based on an interim analysis of 50 patients with morphological disease, as verified by an IDMC
- The primary endpoint for the FELIX Phase 2 trial is the ORR, defined as CR and CRi
- Obe-cel demonstrated ORR of 70% in interim analysis of 50 patients with r/r ALL

- Encouraging tolerability data observed, with 3% ≥Grade 3 Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS) and 8% ≥Grade 3 Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome (ICANS) in 92 patients evaluable for safety
- Screening completed for patients for entry into the morphological cohort
- Blackstone paid a development milestone of \$35 million, earlier than anticipated, at this interim analysis

Obe-cel showed consistent clinical profile across three clinical studies

Data from 3 studies - range of ages and patient conditions

Obe-cel demonstrated a favourable tolerability profile: no high-grade CRS and limited ICANS

	CARPALL ^{#1} Peds ALL	ALLCAR19 ^{#2} Adult ALL	FELIX P1b ^{#3} Adult ALL	FELIX P2 Adult ALL
n	14	20	16	50 (92)*
ORR (CR & CRi) (95% CI)	86% (57%, 98%)	85% (62%, 97%)	75% (48%, 93%)	70%
CRS ¹ <u>></u> Grade 3	0%	0%	0%	3%
CRS ¹ any Grade	93%	55%	56%	ND
Neurotox $^{2} \geq$ Grade 3	7%	15%	6%	8%
Neurotox ² any Grade	50%	20%	13%	23%
Median Age	9	42	42	ND
Bone marrow blast >20% at LD	21%	60%	75%	ND
Bone marrow blast <5% at LD	71%	35%	25%	ND
Prior blinatumomab	7%	25%	56%	ND

¹ CRS grading based on Lee et al (2014) for CARPALL and ALLCAR19, and ASTCT grading (Lee et al 2019) for FELIX

² Neurotoxicity grading based on CTCAE v4.03 for CARPALL and ALLCAR19, and ASTCT ICANS grading (Lee et al 2019) for FELIX

* Efficacy analysis for FELIX 2 trial conducted in 50 patients whereas safety analysis conducted in 92 patients

#1 Ghorashian et al. Nature Medicine 2019#2 Roddie et al. J Clin Oncol, 2021#3 Culshaw et al, ASH 2021, abstract #477

Obe-cel at ASH 2022 – B-ALL long term follow up from Ph1 ALLCAR19 trial

'Safety, Efficiency and Long-Term Follow-up of obe-cel, a Fast-Off Rate CD19 CAR in Relapsed/Refractory B-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukaemia and Other B-Cell Malignancies'

B-ALL patients

- Of the 20 infused B-ALL patients, 8/20 (40%) are in ongoing CR at a median FU of 36 months (IQR 24-47) post obe-cel
- 7/20 (35%) maintain remission without any further therapy (including TKI)
- All patients with long term remissions have long term persisting CAR T cells



Treatment landscape is changing with the introduction of immuno-therapies

However, allo SCT continues to be 'Gold Standard' for long term remission and/or curative therapy

BLINATUMOMAB Standard of Care A bi-specific CD19-directed CD3 T-cell engager (BiTE)

INOTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN

A CD22-directed Antibody-drug conjugate with calicheamicin

BREXUCABTAGENE AUTOLEUCEL

Recently approved A CD19-directed autologous CAR T cell immunotherapy



NCCN quidelines for r/r adult ALL

New innovative options needed in r/r adult ALL despite approved agents

Current standard of care and recently approved agents in r/r adult ALL¹

	STANDARD OF CARE		RECENTLY APPROVED	
	Blincyto ^{®2} (blinatumomab)	Besponsa ^{®3} (inotuzumab ozogamicin)	Tecartus ^{™4} (brexucabtagene autoleucel)	
Ν	271	109	54	
ORR	44%	81%	65%	
EFS/PFS	31% @ 6m	~45% @ 6m	~65% @ 6m	
	~10% @ 18m	~20% @ 18m	~25% @ 18m	
median DoR	7.3m	4.6m	13.6m	
median OS	7.7m	7.7m	18.2m	
CRS <u>></u> Grade 3	5%	Not reported	26%	
Neurotox any Grade	65%	Not reported	87%	
Neurotox ≥ Grade 3	13%	Not reported	35%	
Subsequent SCT post treatment	24%	41%	18%	
Other notable observations	NA	14% Hepatic VoD	40% vasopressor use ⁵	

1. Data are not from head-to-head clinical testing and should not be viewed as comparative data

2. Kantarjian et al., 2017/ USPI (product label) 3. Kantarjian et al., 2016/ USPI (product label) 4. Shah et al. Lancet 2021/ USPI (product label) 5. Shah et al. ASCO 2021

The estimates of EFS/PFS are read from the KM curves. The efficacy data in ZUMA-3 evaluating brexucabtagene autoleucel are based on the modified ITT population while the blinatumomab and inotuzumab ozogamicin data are based on the ITT population

Over 8,000 new cases of adult ALL annually worldwide

Successful therapy requires high level of activity and sustained persistence paired with good tolerability

- Median overall survival is < 1 year in r/r adult ALL
- Combination chemotherapy enables 90% of adult ALL patients to experience Complete Response (CR)
 - Only 30% to 40% achieve long-term remission
- Current T cell therapies for adult patients are Blincyto[®] and Tecartus[™]
 - Both therapies are highly active, but frequently followed by subsequent treatments (e.g. alloSCT)
 - Blincyto[®]: favourable safety profile, few patients experiencing severe CRS and ICANS, but limitations on convenience - continuous i.v. infusion during 4-week treatment cycles
 - Tecartus[™]: more challenging to manage induces elevated levels of severe CRS, a high level of ICANS, and requires vasopressors for many patients
- Opportunity to expand the addressable patient population in earlier lines of therapy

8,400¹

new cases of adult ALL diagnosed yearly

3,000

Addressable patient population 17

Obe-cel could launch into an expanding ALL market if approved

Blincyto[®], current market leader, shows annual revenue growth of c.24%

Reported Blincyto® sales¹



- Blincyto[®] sales price estimated to be \$207k² (for 2 cycles) supporting approx. >2,000 commercial adult ALL patients, growing at a rate of 24%
- Kymriah[®] is priced at \$508k in pediatric ALL. Breyanzi[®] is priced at \$447k in DLBCL³. Tecartus[™] is priced at \$424k³ for adult ALL
- Breyanzi[®] and other CAR T cell therapies are expanding delivery center footprint
- Tecartus[™] is expected to establish CAR T use in adult ALL
- If approved, obe-cel has the potential to be best-in-class curative therapy and expanding use beyond academic transplant centers

NOTES

1. As per Amgen quarterly SEC filings

https://www.cms.gov/medicare/medicare-part-b-drug-average-sales-price/2022-asp-drug-pricing-files
Red Book pricing database https://www.ibm.com/products/micromedex-red-book/pricing
Autolus crude extrapolation from Q1 2023, based on sustaining \$194m for Q2, Q3, Q4 2023

Obe-cel next steps to commercialization

Data and path to approval

- FELIX clinical data presentations at ASCO and EHA
- Filing of Biologics License Application (BLA) to U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) planned for end of 2023
- Filings of EU and UK marketing authorization applications planned for H1 2024

Manufacturing

- Bespoke commercial manufacturing facility built in Stevenage, UK
- Operational start up in 1H 2023 (qualification and validation)
- GMP license from MHRA planned for Q3 2023
- Facility has initial capacity to produce up to 2,000 batches PA; sufficient for global demand in ALL

Commercialization

- Focus in 2023 on Medical affairs, HTA dossier compilation and center onboarding
- Focus in 2024 on launch preparation and execution
- Consider EU partner for launch

Building the obe-cel opportunity

Deep value program with potentially broad applicability

Obe-cel lifecycle outlook - NHL/CLL and Pediatric ALL - ASH 2022

High level of clinical activity with well manageable safety profile

- Clinical data supports differentiated product profile in Adult ALL, B-NHL (obe-cel) and Pediatric ALL (AUTO 1/22)
- Potential to drive adoption of obe-cel across B-cell malignancies

ALLCAR19 – B-NHL and CLL			
	25		
All patients	92%		
Follicular Lymphoma	100%		
Mantle Cell Lymphoma	100%		
DLBCL	88%		
CLL/SLL	80%		
	0%		
	56%		
	0%		
	4%		
	AR19 – B-NHL and CLL All patients Follicular Lymphoma Mantle Cell Lymphoma DLBCL CLL/SLL		

- Median Follow-Up time from infusion in NHL/CLL cohort: 12.9 months (IQR 7.4-18.0)
- High ORR, with long term persistence driving durable outcomes
- Favourable safety profile with low ICANS and no high grade CRS

CARPALL (AUTO1/22 cohort (n=12))

Molecular MRD neg CR/Cri by c	10 (83%)	
Disease progression		2
Relapse		
	Antigen negative relapse	0
	Emergence of molecular MRD	0
	CD19+/CD22+ relapse	5
CRS <u>></u> Grade 3		0
Neurotox/ ICANS <u>></u> Grade 3		1 (8%)

- Patient population ineligible for commercial CAR T therapy
 - Including prior CAR-T failure, patients with CD19-ve disease and patients with isolated extramedullary disease
- Est. molecular CR rate for obe-cel in this patient group approx. 40%
- 2 of 3 patients who had CD19 negative disease achieved MRD negative CR demonstrating the efficacy of the CD22 CAR.
- 1 year EFS 60% despite the high-risk patient cohort
- At median FU 8.7 months, no cases of leukemic relapse or emergence of MRD related to antigen escape.

Pipeline

A broad portfolio of potential next generation modular T cell therapies

A broad toolkit which is core to our strategy of modular innovation Advanced T cell programming

Viral Vector	Advanced Targeting Modules	Pharmacological Control Modules	Activity Enhancement Modules	Activity Enhancement Modules	Viral Vector
	TARGET	CONTROL	SHIELD	ENHANCE	
	Fast off Rate CARs	Rituximab Safety Switch (RQR8)	Checkpoint Shielding (dSHP2)	Chimeric Cytokine Receptors (CCRs)	
	Dual Targeting CARs	Rapamycin Safety Switch (RapaCasp9) Tetracycline Controllable (TetCAR)	TGFβ Shielding (dtgrβRII)	Host Immune Cell Recruitment (ssIL12)	
	Obe-cel AUTO1/22 AUTO8	AUTO4 AUTO5 AUTO6NG	AUTO6NG	AUTO6NG	

Early-stage pipeline

Leveraging academic collaborations to generate opportunity for non-dilutive funding opportunities

PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	STUDY NAME	PHASE
AUTO4	TRBC1+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC1	LibrA T1	Phase 1
AUTO5	TRBC2+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC2		Preclinical
AUTO6NG	Neuroblastoma; Other tumor types	GD2		Preclinical
AUT08	Multiple Myeloma	BCMA & CD19	MCARTY*	Phase 1
T-Cell Lymphoma	Solid Tumors Multiple Myeloma			* Collaboration with UCL

Next data readouts expected in 2023/2024

AUTO4 and AUTO5 for Peripheral T-Cell Lymphoma

T-Cell Lymphoma is an aggressive disease with a very poor prognosis

- A large portion of T-Cell Lymphoma patients are refractory/relapse following firstline treatment (68%)¹
- Standard of care is variable and often based on high-dose chemotherapy and stem cell transplants:
 - Median 5 yrs OS: 32%²
- Relapsed/refractory patients have a worse prognosis
 - Median PFS approximately 3 months/ Median OS < 6 months^{1,3}
- Brentuximab survival benefit restricted to CD30 positive ALCL subtype⁴
 - approx. 12% of total PTCL patient population^{4,5}
- T cell lymphoma has not benefited from advances in immunotherapy
 - Pan T-cell depletion highly toxic; few/no tumor-specific antigen targets

9,200

new cases of T-Cell Lymphomas diagnosed yearly*

3,000

Addressable patient population in relapsed or refractory setting

*Japan, US and EU5 (2020 DRG Epidemiology Data)

AUTO4 for Peripheral T-Cell Lymphoma: ASH 2022

Patients achieve durable metabolic complete responses

- AUTO4 treatment was well tolerated with no dose-limiting toxicities
- Ongoing responses at 9 and 12 months post-dosing at the highest dose tested (450x106) are encouraging
- No CAR T cell expansion was seen in peripheral blood but CAR T cells were detected in an on-treatment lymph node biopsy
- The study is ongoing, with additional patients due to be treated to define the recommended phase 2 dose



Manufacturing

Commercial manufacturing facility on track

Building a fully integrated manufacturing and logistics platform



- Phase 1 of build project completed in Q4 2022 handover of first clean rooms to Autolus on Nov 25, 2022
- Equipment installations and qualification by Autolus on track for Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) operations by H2 2023
- Tried and tested manufacturing process within an established regulatory framework
- Planned annual capacity of at least 2,000 batches per year to service global demand in ALL
- CMC package for submission to FDA progressing per plan



Financial Results

Financial summary

Cash runway into 2025

USD	Q1 2023 (\$ '000)	Q1 2022 (\$ '000)	Variance (\$ '000)
Grant Income	0	166	(166)
License Income	1,292	0	1,292
R&D	(31,344)	(33,963)	2,619
G&A	(9,284)	(7,987)	(1,297)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	(3,768)	0	(3,768)
Total Operating expense, net	(43,104)	(41,784)	(1,320)
Other income, net	782	860	(78)
Interest Income	3,446	28	3,418
Interest expense	(4,905)	(1,790)	(3,115)
Income tax benefit	3,970	5,624	(1,654)
Net Loss after tax	(39,811)	(37,062)	(2,749)
USD	Q1 2023 (\$ '000)	Q4 2022 (\$ '000)	Variance (\$ '000)
Cash Balance (including restricted cash)	343,355	382,761	(39,406)

• Foreign currency: 59% of cash at 31 March held in GBP

Summary

Autolus planned news flow

Obe-cel

- FELIX Phase 2 clinical presentation ASCO and EHA in June
- Biologics License Application (BLA) to FDA by end of 2023
- Longer term follow up data planned for ASH 2023 and medical conferences in 1H 2024

Pipeline

- Updates on AUTO1/22 and AUTO 4 planned for 2023
- Multiple academic clinical studies ongoing expected to generate additional news flow in 2023/2024
- Opportunity for news flow related to collaborations and technology licensing

Manufacturing

- Qualification of Nucleus facility in H1 2023
- Commencement of GMP operations in H2 2023

The Autolus opportunity

Building a fully integrated CAR T company - Expanding excellence in R&D and manufacturing to commercialization

- Obe-cel, a potentially best in class product candidate, met primary endpoint of ORR in adult patients with r/r ALL
- Planned BLA filing end of 2023
- Additional opportunity for obe-cel in B-NHL indications
- Highly valuable pipeline with potential broad applicability in cancers with limited treatment options

- Purpose-built commercial manufacturing facility ready for qualification and validation activities in 1H 2023 with an initial capacity of up to 2,000 batches per year, sufficient to serve global demand in ALL
- Strong technology foundation, validating collaborations with leading pharma and biotech companies – BMS, Moderna and Cabaletta Bio
- Strong cash position with \$343.4 million (March 31, 2023)

Autolus

Thank you



autolus.com